Directors' Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

## Directors' Report and Financial Statements

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## Directors and other information

Directors Eamon O'Brien (Executive Chairman)

Andrew Laz Fleming (Executive Director)
Glenn Millar (Executive Director)
Kathryn Byrne (Non-Executive Director)

Secretary McClure Corporate Services Limited

Registered Office 70 Ballybough Road

& Business Address

Ballybough

Dublin 3

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Auditors Clifford Desmond & Associates

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

185 Rathmines Road Lower

Rathmines Dublin 6

Auditor Number: AI3001157

Bankers Bank of Ireland

O'Connell Street

Dublin 1

Solicitors Miley & Miley Solicitors

35 Molesworth Street

Dublin 2

#### Directors and other information

Corporate Advisors Keith Bayley Rogers & Co. Limited

1 Royal Exchange Avenue London EC3V 3LT

England

Neville House 18 Laurel Lane Halesowen B63 3DA England

Registered Number 500487

Date of Incorporation 27 June 2011

Website www.imcexploration.com

#### Chairman's Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Dear Shareholders,

The Directors of IMC Exploration Group plc are pleased to present the audited financial results for IMC for the twelve months to 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019.

#### Highlights of Year Ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

During the year under review, the Group continued the drilling programme and evaluation work on PL 3849 in Avoca, Co. Wicklow, the drilling programme on the Gold Mine River project on PL 3857 located on the Gold Mine River in Co. Wicklow and the drilling programme on the North Wexford gold project on PL 2551. IMC was pleased to have been in the financial position to carry out a six-month long drilling programme on its licence areas in Co. Wexford and Co. Wicklow. Additionally, work continued on the Group's previously announced application for the admission of its share capital to the standard segment of the United Kingdom Official List and to trading on the main market of the London Stock Exchange.

Resulting from its activities during the financial year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019, including the preparation by CSA Global of a Mineral Resource Estimate on the historic Avoca mine site project in Co. Wicklow and the drilling carried out at the North Wexford gold project, a number of significant achievements have crystallised in the first months of the current financial year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2020. These are detailed below under "Post-Balance Sheet Events".

#### Post-Balance Sheet Events

Work undertaken during the financial year ended 30th June 2019 and previous periods has led, during the first half of the current year to some of the most positive and exciting developments for IMC since its incorporation in 2011. On 08th July 2019, the share capital of IMC was admitted to the standard segment of the Official List of the Financial Conduct Authority and to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange. The admission of the Group to trading on the London Stock Exchange, one of the most influential and prestigious global stock exchanges, significantly enhances the status and profile of the Group.

Since the end of the financial year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019, IMC has received the Mineral Resource Estimate in accordance with the JORC Code (2012) on its Avoca historic mine site project in Avoca, Co. Wicklow. The Mineral Resource Estimate for the Avoca spoils and tailings is hugely significant. There is further potential to increase the tonnage and grade, not only on this site, but also on the other spoils' heaps within IMC's licence area and, to this end, the Group is progressing its exploration work on its spoils and tailings project in Avoca, Co. Wicklow and continues its drilling programme on PL 3849 in Avoca, Co. Wicklow.

In Co. Wexford, IMC has, since the end of the financial year 30th June 2019, been awarded 2 additional prospecting licences, PL 1200 and PL 1199, by the Department of Communications, Climate Action and Environment. IMC is delighted to have been granted these licences as they adjoin its existing PL 2551 licence, where IMC had previously encountered high gold grades yielding 353g/t gold (=11.38 oz/t gold) from drill hole 12/2551/04. The award of the new licences means the Group now holds 3 abutting exploration licence areas in Co. Wexford, which it believes should significantly enhance the Group's North Wexford gold project.

#### Conclusion

The listing of the Group and the admission to the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange are excellent developments. The Directors believe the scale and potential of the spoils and tailings project at Avoca, along with the Mineral Resource Estimate in accordance with the JORC Code (2012), to be truly transformational for IMC and its shareholders. I look forward to informing shareholders of further progress in the Group and with the projects within its licence areas as and when these arise. I wish to thank my fellow Directors and management team for their contributions to the Group's progress and I look forward to further successes for IMC and its shareholders during the current financial year.

Eamon O'Brien Chairman

#### Directors' Report

for the year ended 30th June 2019

The Directors present their Annual Report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 for IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company ("the Company") and its subsidiary (collectively "the Group") prepared in euro for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019.

#### **Principal Activity**

The Group's main activity is the exploration for gold, zinc and other minerals in Ireland. The Directors have reviewed the financial position of the Group and are satisfied that the Group will continue to operate at its projected level of activity for the foreseeable future. The group holds the licences in its 100% owned subsidiary "IMC Exploration Limited". Details of the licences are set out in Note 10 to the Financial Statements.

#### **Review of Business**

The Group incurred a loss after taxation of &368,863 during the year (2018: &1,194,854). There was no revenue generated from trading and the Group financed operations through the issuing of share capital. Share capital and Share Premium were increased by &169,229 in the year. Further details of shares issued can be found in Notes 20 and 21 to the Financial Statements.

Cash reserves have fallen in the year also from €212,410 at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2018 to (€30,403) at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019. Cashflow projections have been prepared by the directors and they are satisfied that the company has the resources to meet their expenditure over the next 12 months.

At the beginning of the year the Group held 7 exploration licences which covers areas in Co. Wicklow, Co. Wexford and Co. Clare. 2 of these licences were returned to the Department of Communication, Climate Action and Environment and 2 new licences were granted by the Department of Communication, Climate Action and Environment. Additional expenditure on existing licences during the year amounted to €138,990. There are currently 7 exploration licences held by the Group and further details can be found in Note 10 to the Financial Statements.

#### **Operations Report**

A review of exploration and production activities during the year and outlook for 2019/2020 are set out in the Chairman's Statement on Page 3.

#### Financial Review

A review of current year financial activities is set out in the Review of Business and Future Developments.

#### Payment of Suppliers

The Company's policy is to agree payment terms with individual suppliers and to abide by such terms.

#### Share Price

During the year the company shares were quoted on NEX Exchange. Share price movement in the year ranged from a low of Stg£0.01 to a high of Stg£0.0245. The share price at the year end was Stg£0.011. The company shares are traded on the Main London Stock Exchange (LSE) since  $08^{\text{th}}$  July 2019.

#### Results and Dividends

The loss for the year after providing for depreciation and taxation amounted to €368,863 (2018: €1,194,854). All exploration and development costs to date have been deferred, no transfers to distributable reserves or dividends are recommended.

#### Directors' Report

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019
......continued

#### **Future Developments**

A review of future developments of the business is included in the Chairman's Statement and review of operations.

#### Directors and Secretary and their Interests

In accordance with the Articles of Association, Glenn Millar retires from the board by rotation in accordance with Article 94 of the Articles of Association.

The Directors and secretary who held office during the year had no interest, either direct or beneficial, other than those shown below, in the shares of the Company.

	Ordinary Shares		A Ordinary Shares		
	29 Oct 2019	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
Directors					
Andrew Laz Fleming	3,515,001	3,515,001	3,515,001	-	-
Glenn Millar	3,600,001	3,600,001	3,600,001	-	-
Eamon O'Brien	6,240,000	6,240,000	1,900,000	-	-
Kathryn Byrne	1,025,000	1,025,000	1,000,000	-	-
Secretary McClure Corporate Service	es Ltd -	-	-	-	-

#### **Transactions Involving Directors**

There have been no contract or arrangements of significance during the year in which Directors of the Company were interested other than as disclosed in Notes 18 and 21 to the financial statements.

## Significant Shareholders

The Company has been informed that, in additional to the interest of the Directors, at 30 June 2019 and the date of this report, the following shareholders own 3% or more of the issued share capital of the Company:

	Percentage of Issued share capital		
	29 Oct 2019	30 June 2019	
	00 = 0	00.00	
SVS (Nominees) Ltd.	20.76%	20.82%	
Davycrest (Nominees) Ltd.	16.58%	13.38%	
Redmayne (Nominees) Ltd.	7.92%	2.81%	
Wilhan Ltd.	5.27%	5.88%	
Lisa McDonnell	4.32%	4.82%	
Nial Ring	0.00%	4.74%	
Pershing (Nominees) Ltd.	4.46%	2.50%	
Damestar Trustee Ltd.	3.52%	3.93%	
Trove Rehabilitation (Nominees) Ltd.	0.76%	6.37%	

The Directors are not aware of any other holding of 3% or more of the share capital of the Company



#### Group undertakings

Details of the Company's subsidiary are set out in Note 12 to the financial statements.

#### Electoral Act 1997

The Company did not make any political donations during the year (2018 : € Nil).

## Going Concern

The future of the Group is dependent on the successful future outcome of its exploration interests. The Directors have carried out a review of budgets and cash flows for the twelve months after the date of this report and on the basis of that review, consider that the Group and the Company, based on current exploration activity, will have adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. As exploration activity is expanded, further funding will be required.

The directors consider that in preparing the financial statements they have taken into account all information that could reasonably be expected to be available. On this basis, they consider that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

#### Compliance Statement

The directors are responsible for securing the company's compliance with its relevant obligations (compliance with both company and tax law) and with respect to each of the following three items, we confirm that it has been done. We confirm:

- the existence of a compliance policy statement;
- appropriate arrangements or structures put in place to secure material compliance with the company's relevant obligations;
- a review of such arrangements and structures has taken place during the year

#### Important events after the reporting date

There have been no important events after the reporting date other than as disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements.

## Directors' Report - Corporate Governance

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

#### Corporate Governance

The Directors are committed to maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance commensurate with the size, stage of development and financial status of the Group.

#### The Board

The Board is responsible for the supervision and control of the Company and is accountable to the shareholders. The Board has reserved decision-making on a variety of matters, including determining strategy for the Group, reviewing and monitoring executive management performance and monitoring risks and controls.

The Board currently has four Directors, comprising three executive Directors and one non-executive Director. The Board met formally eight times during the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019. An agenda and supporting documentation was circulated in advance of each meeting. All the Directors bring independent judgement to bear on issues affecting the Group and all have full and timely access to information necessary to enable them to discharge their duties. The Directors have a wide and varying array of experiences in the industry.

Under the terms of the Company's Articles, one third of the Board must seek re-election to the Board at the Annual General Meeting each year. All new Directors appointed since the previous Annual General Meeting are required to seek election at the next Annual General Meeting.

#### **Directors Biographies**

Eamon O'Brien (Executive Chairman) after graduating with an MBA, worked in Wall Street with Quick & Reilly, a specialised stockbroking firm on Wall Street. On returning to Ireland he joined NCB Stockbrokers in Dublin before moving to Davy Stockbrokers. He has since worked as a consultant on various projects including retail management, software projects and property development. He was a founding member and CFO of Eurocommerce, a payments processing company, now owned by Mastercard. Eamon graduated from University College Dublin with an B.Sc. which included Chemistry and Geology. He later completed an MBA.

Kathryn Byrne (Non-Executive Director) is a Director of a communications consultancy company based in Dublin. Taking a lead role in project management and event management, her expertise includes PR both corporate and consumer, media relations and public affairs. Kathryn takes an active role in the wider business and civic community. Kathryn served as a government appointed board member of An Board Altranais and as a council member of Gaisce the President's Award. She is involved in the Networks for Women in Business. Kathryn is a Fellow of the Public Relations Institute of Ireland (PRII). She is former Honorary Secretary and board member of the PRII. She is also a Global Affiliate of the Chartered Institute of Public Relations. Kathryn holds an honours post-graduate diploma in public relations and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries & Administrators.

Glenn Millar (Executive Director) holds both a PhD in Structural Geology and an MBA; his PhD research focused on structures in the Irish Carboniferous terrain. Glenn accumulated eighteen years professional experience as a geological consultant to the mining and hydrocarbon exploration industries worldwide. He has advised both major and junior mining companies in geological projects within Europe, the Middle East, Australia, and North and South America.

Andrew Laz Fleming (Executive Director) has 40 years experience in various sectors of the Minerals and Mining Industry, including 27 years in Brazil. During the 90's he acted as Country Manager of Canadian Companies (South Western Gold Corp. and Hillsborough Resources Corp.) and an Irish Company (Ovoca Resources plc). His direction and supervision of exploration programmes in Brazil led to the discoveries of additional diamond and gold resources in Mato Grosso, Minas Gerais and Goias States.

#### Directors' Report - Corporate Governance for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019 ...... continued

#### **Audit and Remuneration Committees**

The Audit Committee comprises Kathryn Byrne (Chairman) and Andrew Laz Fleming. It may examine any matters relating to the financial affairs of the Group and the Group's audits. This includes reviews of the annual financial statements and announcements, internal control procedures, accounting procedures, accounting policies, the appointment, independence, objectivity, terms of reference and fees of external auditors and such other related functions as the Board may require.

The Directors have concluded that the financial statements, taken as a whole, provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's and Group's position and performance, business model and strategy and is fair, balanced and understandable.

The Remuneration Committee comprises Glenn Millar (Chairman) and Andrew Laz Fleming. It determines the terms and conditions of employment and annual remuneration of the executive directors. It consults with the Chief Executive Officer, takes into consideration external data and comparative third party remuneration and has access to professional advice outside the Company.

The key policy objectives of the Remuneration Committee in respect of the Company's executive directors are:

- To ensure that individuals are fairly rewarded for their personal contribution to the Company's overall performance; and
- To act as the independent committee ensuring that due regard is given to the interest of the Company's shareholders and to the financial and commercial health of the Company

Directors' Remuneration, including employer's PRSI, during the year ended 30 June 2019 was as follows:

	2019	2018
	Total	Total
	€	€
Remuneration and other emoluments - Executive Directors	-	-
Remuneration and other emoluments - Non-Executive Directors	-	-
	-	-
		======

#### **Nomination Committee**

At present, as the Board is small, no formal nomination committee has been established. The authority to nominate new Directors for appointment vests in the Board of Directors. All Directors co-opted to the Board during any financial period are subject to election by shareholders at the first opportunity following their appointment. Consideration to setting up a nomination committee is under continuous review.

#### Risk Committee

A Risk Committee, which during the year comprised the Chairman, Eamon O'Brien and Executive Director Laz Fleming is charged with the review of the key risks inherent in the business and the system of control necessary to manage such risks and presents its findings to the Board. Exploration risk, the main corporate risk to which the Group is exposed, is monitored and reviewed regularly by the Board. The Board considers exploration risk to be acceptable for the Group taking into account the industry in which it operates.

#### Relations with Shareholders

The Group communicates regularly with shareholders including the release of the interim and annual results and following significant developments. The Annual General Meeting is normally attended by all Directors. Shareholders, including private investors, are invited to ask questions on matters including the Group's operations and performance and to meet with the Directors after the formal proceedings have ended. The Group maintains a website (www.imcexploration.com) on which all announcements, financial statements and other corporate information is published. The Directors are available to meet institutional shareholders for ad hoc discussions.

# Directors' Report - Corporate Governance for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

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#### Internal control

The Directors are responsible for the Group's system of internal controls, the setting of appropriate policies on those controls, the regular assurance that the system is functioning effectively and that it is effective in managing business risk. The Audit Committee monitors the Group's internal control procedures, reviews the internal controls processes and risk management procedures.

The Directors confirm that they have also reviewed the effectiveness of the systems of risk management and internal control which operated during the period covered by these financial statements and up to the date of this report. Based on the review performed, the Directors concluded that for the year ended 30th June 2019, the Group's systems of risk management and internal control were effective.

#### Principal Risk and Uncertainties

The Group's activities are carried out principally in the Republic of Ireland. Accordingly the principal risks and uncertainties are considered to be the following:

#### Exploration Risk

Exploration and development activities may be delayed or adversely affected by factors outside the Group's control, in particular: climatic conditions, existence of commercial deposits of gold, zinc and other minerals, unknown geological conditions; remoteness of locations; actions of governments or other regulatory authorities (relating to, inter alia, the grant, maintenance or renewal of any required authorisations, environmental regulations or changes in law).

## Commodity Price Risk

The demand for, and price of gold, zinc and other minerals is dependent on global and local supply and demand, actions of governments or cartels and general global economic and political developments.

#### Financial Risk

Financial risk is addressed in Note 24 to these financial statements.

#### Accounting records

The measures taken by the Directors to ensure compliance with the requirements of Sections 281 to 285, Companies Act 2014, regarding proper books of accounts are the implementation of necessary policies and procedures for recording transactions, the employment of competent accounting personnel with appropriate expertise and the provision of adequate resources to the finance function. The books of accounts of the Company are maintained at 70 Ballybough Road, Ballybough, Dublin 3.

#### Auditors

The auditors, Clifford Desmond & Associates Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors, have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of Section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

#### Statement on Relevant Audit Information

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the statutory auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and they have established that the statutory auditors are aware of that information.

#### Directors' Report

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

#### Statement of Director's Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Group and Company Financial Statements, in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Group and Company Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law, the Directors are required to prepare the Group Financial Statements in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union and applicable laws including Article 4 of the IAS Regulation. The Directors have elected to prepare the Company Financial Statements in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union as applied in accordance with the Companies Acts 2014.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Group and Company and of the Group and Company's profit or loss for that year. In preparing each of the Group and Company financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union, and as regards the Company, as applied in accordance with the Companies Act 2014; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and the Company will continue in business

The Directors are also required by the Transparency (Directive 2004/109/EC) Regulations 2007 and the Transparency Rules of the Central Bank of Ireland to include a management report containing a fair review of the business and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company, and which enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements of the Company comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014. The Directors are also responsible for taking all reasonable steps to ensure such records are kept by the subsidiary companies which enable them to ensure that the financial statements of the Group comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The Directors are also responsible for preparing a Directors' Report which complies with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Group's and Company's website www.imcexploration.com. Legislation in Ireland concerning the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

# Responsibility statement as required by the Transparency Directive and the UK Corporate Governance Codes Each of the Directors confirm that, to the best of each person's knowledge and belief:

- The Group Financial Statements, prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union, and the Company financial Statements, prepared in accordance with the IFRS as adopted by the European Union as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position of the Group and Company at 30 June 2019 and of the profit or loss of the Group for the year then ended;
- The Directors' Report contained in the Annual Report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Group and Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face; and
- The Annual Report and financial statements, taken as a whole, provides the information necessary to assess the Group's performance, business model and strategy and is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the

<b>Directors' Report</b> for the year ended 30° June 2019	
continued	
information necessary for the sharehold and strategy.	lers to assess the Company's position and performance, business model
information and have established that the	sen all steps necessary to make themselves aware of the relevant audit ne Group's statutory auditors are aware of that information. In so far as the taudit information of which the Group's statutory auditors are unaware.
On behalf of the board	
Eamon O'Brien Director Date: 29 <sup>th</sup> October 2019	Andrew Laz Fleming Director

#### Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of IMC Explorations Public Limited Company

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 30 June 2019 which comprise Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Company Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, Company Statement of Cash Flows and notes thereon, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable Irish law and Accounting Standards, including International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) as adopted by the European Union.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- the Group financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at [date] and of its profit for the year then ended
- the Company financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at [date];
- the Group and Company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union; and
- the Group and Company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014 and as regards the Group financial statements, Article 4 of the IAS Regulation.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard as issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Service Authority ("IAASA"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### An overview of the scope of our audit

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) ('ISAs (Ireland)'). We designed our audit by determining materiality and assessing the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we looked at where the Directors made subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including evaluating whether there was evidence of bias by the Directors that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

- Our audit work addressed each of the Group's operating segments.
- We performed full scope audits of the complete financial information of the operating segments and of the financially significant business units within operating segments.
- Audit coverage for individual line items within the Consolidated income statement and Consolidated balance sheet falls in the range 90% to 100%; most line items have audit coverage above 90%.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company

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The risks of material misstatement that had the greatest effect on our audit, including the allocation of our resources and effort, are identified within key audit matters below. We have also set out how we tailored our audit to address these specific areas in order to provide an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. This is not a complete list of all risks identified by our audit.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) we identified, including those which has the greatest effect on: the overall strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

- (a) the adequacy of disclosures made in Note 10 to the financial statements in relation to the Directors' assessment of the carrying value of the Group's intangible assets amounting to €450,481. There is a risk that the Group's exploration and evaluation assets will not be recovered due to the inherent uncertainties which exist with exploration activities. The valuation of these assets requires management to assess whether there are indicators of impairment based on consideration of factors such as the status of licences and the Group's intention to proceed with future work programmes for each licence area.
- (b) there is a risk that the Company's subsidiary undertaking will not be able to repay the amounts due to the Company of &0.02,188 (2018: &0.02,188) which has provided finance to this entity to fund its activities. This has no impact on the Group's financial position.

We performed the following procedures:

- We have evaluated management's procedures for assessing indicators or impairment of intangible assets
- We inspected documentation in respect of licences held and considered and challenged the directors' assessment of indicators of impairment in relation to exploration and evaluation assets
- We performed a review of Board of Directors Meeting Minutes and press releases issued by the Group in relation to the status of exploration and evaluation assets
- We performed a review of budgeted expenditure for the next 12 months
- We also considered the adequacy of the disclosure in the financial statements

A material uncertainty exists in relation to the ability of the Group to realise the exploration and evaluation assets capitalised to intangible assets and in relation to the ability of the Company to realise amounts owed by the Company's subsidiary undertaking.

As noted above, we draw your attention to the disclosures made in Note 10 to the financial statements concerning the realisation of intangible assets and recoverability of amounts owed by the Company's subsidiary undertaking. The realisation of intangible assets by the Group and the amounts owed by the Company's subsidiary undertaking is dependent on the further successful development of the intangible assets. The financial statements do not include any adjustments in relation to these uncertainties and the ultimate outcome cannot, at present, be determined. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Our application of materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. We set certain quantitative thresholds for materiality. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures on the individual financial statement line items and disclosures and in evaluating the effect of misstatements, both individually and on the financial statements as a whole.

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Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

Overall Group Materiality	€5,782 (2018: €9,775)
How we determined it	2% of Net Assets of the Group
Rationale for benchmark	The Group has nil turnover and Net Assets is one of the key metrics used to assess
applied	its value
Performance materiality	For each business unit in our audit scope, we allocated a materiality that is less than
	our overall Group materiality. Performance materiality was set at 70% of audit
	materiality

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to them misstatements identified during our audit above  $\[ \epsilon 500$  as well as misstatements below that amount that, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons. Such misstatements include disclosure matters that we identify when assessing the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### Material uncertainty relating to going concern

We draw attention to note 1 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a loss in the financial year of €368,863 and that the company is dependent on the continued funding from its directors and shareholders to cover ongoing expenses for the coming 12 months. As stated in note 1, these events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Conclusions relation to principal risk

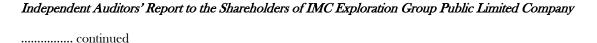
We have nothing to report in respect of the following information in the financial statements, in relation to which the ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you whether we have anything material to add or draw attention to:

- the disclosures in the financial statements set out on pages 9 and 10 that describe the principal risks and explain how they are being managed or mitigated;
- the directors' confirmation set out on page 10 in the financial statements that they have carried out a robust assessment of the principal risks facing the group and the parent company, including those that would threaten its business model, future performance, solvency or liquidity;
- the directors' explanation set out on page 6 in the financial statements as to how they have assessed the prospects of the group and the parent company, over what period they have done so and why they consider that period to be appropriate, and their statement as to whether they have a reasonable expectation that the group and the parent company will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the period of their assessment, including any related disclosures drawing attention to any necessary qualifications or assumptions.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.



#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- we have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited;
- the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records;
- the information given in the Director's Report is consistent with the financial statements;
- the description of the main features of the internal control and risk management systems in relation to the financial reporting process included in the Corporate Governance Statement, is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with section 1373(2)(c) of the Companies Act 2014;
- the Director's Report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement on page 10, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

#### Other matters which we are required to address

We were appointed by IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company on 12<sup>th</sup> November 2018 to audit the financial statements for the year ending 30<sup>th</sup> June 2018 and subsequent financial periods. The period of total uninterrupted engagement including previous renewals and reappointments of the firm is 1 year.

The non-audit services prohibited by IAASA's Ethical Standard were not provided to the group and we remain independent of the group in conducting our audit.

Our audit opinion is consistent with the additional report to the audit committee.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company
continued

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters that we are required to state to them in the audit report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company or the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Kieran Desmond
For and on behalf of

Clifford Desmond & Associates Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

185 Rathmines Road Lower, Rathmines, Dublin  $6\,$ 

Date: 31st October 2019

**IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company** 

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

## **Continuing Operations**

	Notes	2019	2018
Administrative expenses		(366,816)	(921,757)
Operating Loss for the period	4.	(366,816)	(921,757)
Finance Income Amount written off Intangible Assets Amount written off investment	10. 5.	- - -	(284,088)
Loss for period before tax		(366,816)	(1,205,845)
Income tax expenses	8.	(2,047)	10,991
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(368,863)	(1,194,854)
Loss attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(368,863)	(1,194,854)
Total Comprehensive Loss attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(368,863)	(1,194,854)
Earnings per share From continuing operations Basic and Diluted loss per share (cent)		0.1	0.5

All activities derived from continuing operations. All losses and total comprehensive losses for the period are attributable to the owners of the Company.

The Company has no recognised gains or losses other than those dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income.

The accompanying notes on pages 24-44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The Financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29th October 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

On behalf of the board		
Eamon O'Brien Director	Andrew Laz Fleming Director	

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

On behalf of the board

	Notes	2019	2018
Assets			
Intangible assets	10	471,117	332,127
Property, plant and equipment	11	1,723	-
Investments	12	-	-
Total Non-Current Assets		472,840	332,127
Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	13	39,373	-
Cash and cash equivalents		(30,403)	212,410
Total Current Assets		8,970	212,410
Total Assets		481,810	544,537
Equity			
Share Capital	15	293,107	278,107
Share premium	15	3,645,171	3,490,942
Retained deficit	16	(3,649,179)	(3,280,316)
Attributable to owners of the Company	17	289,099	488,733
Total Equity		289,099	488,733
Liabilities - Current			
Trade and other payables		190,664	55,804
Current tax liabilities		2,047	-
Total Liabilities	14	192,711	55,804
Total Equity and Liabilities		481,810	544,537

The accompanying notes on pages 24-44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The Financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on  $29^{\text{\tiny th}}$  October 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Eamon O'Brien	Andrew Laz Fleming
Director	Director

## Company Statement of Financial Position

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

2019	2018
30,365	30,365
30,365	30,365
1,041,561 5,161	910,808 247,974
1,046,722	1,158,782
1,077,087	1,189,147
293,107	278,107
	3,490,942
(2,995,138)	(2,626,707)
943,140	1,142,342
943,140	1,142,342
131,900	46,805
2,047	-
133,947	46,805
1,077,087	1,189,147
	30,365  30,365  1,041,561 5,161  1,046,722  1,077,087  293,107 3,645,171 (2,995,138)  943,140  943,140  131,900 2,047  133,947

The accompanying notes on pages 24-44 form and integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29th October 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

On behalf of the board	
Eamon O'Brien Director	Andrew Laz Fleming Director

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30th June 2019

	Share Capital €	Share Premium €	Retained Losses €	Total €
Balance at 30 June 2017	166,610	2,489,137	(2,085,462)	570,285
Total comprehensive income for the period Loss for the period	-	-	(1,194,854)	(1,194,854)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(1,194,854)	(1,194,854)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in econtributions by and distributions to owners	equity			
Share issue costs	111,497	1,058,515 (56,710)	- -	1,170,012 (56,710)
Total transactions with owners	111,497	1,001,805		1,113,302
Balance at 30 June 2018	278,107	3,490,942	(3,280,316)	488,733
Total comprehensive income for the period Loss for the period	-	-	(368,863)	(368,863)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(368,863)	(368,863)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in a contributions by and distributions to owners Shares issued Share issue costs	25,000	165,781 (11,552)	-	180,781 (11,552)
Balance at 30 June 2019	293,107	3,645,171	(3,649,179)	289,099

Ne	t equity i	s attributabl	e to the	holo	ler o	t th	ne ord	linary s	hares i	n the	Group
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On behalf of the board

The accompanying notes on pages 24-44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of Directors on 29th October 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Eamon O'Brien	Andrew Laz Fleming
Director	Director

## Company Statement of Changes in equity

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

	Share Capital €	Share Premium €	Retained Losses €	Total €
Balance at 30 June 2017	166,610	2,489,137	(1,720,381)	935,366
Total comprehensive income for the year Loss for the year	-		(906,326)	(906,326)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		(906,326)	(906,326)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equi Shares issued	ty 111,497	1,058,515	<u>-</u>	1,170,012
Shares issue costs	-	(56,710)	-	(56,710)
Total transactions with owners	111,497	1,001,805		1,113,302
Balance at 30 June 2018	278,107	3,490,942	(2,626,707)	1,142,342
Total comprehensive income for the year Loss for the year	-	-	(368,431)	(368,431)
Total comprehensive income for the year			(368,431)	(368,431)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equi Shares issued Share issue costs	ty 15,000	165,781 (11,552)	<u>-</u> -	180,781 (11,552)
Total transactions with owners	15,000	154,229		169,229
Balance at 30 June 2019	293,107	3,645,171 	(2,995,138)	943,140

Net equity is attributable to the holders of the ordinary shares in the Company.

On behalf of the board

The accompanying notes on pages 24 - 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on  $29^{\text{th}}$  October 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Eamon O'Brien	Andrew Laz Fleming
Director	Director

## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30th June 2019

Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	2019	2018
Loss for the year		(368,863)	(1,194,854)
Adjustments for: Intangible Assets Write Off Income Tax recognised in profit and loss Depreciation		2,047 431	284,088 (10,991)
Cash from operations before changes in working capital	al	(366,385)	(921,757)
Movement in trade and other receivables Movement in trade and other payables		(39,373) 134,859	81,017 (12,138)
Net cash flow from operating activities		(270,899)	(852,878)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Proceeds from sale of investments Taxation Acquisitions and disposals	22 22 22 22 22	- - (141,143)	- - - (28,550)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(141,143)	(28,550)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from the issue of new shares Finance income/(expense)	22	169,229	1,113,302
Net cash generated by financing activities		169,229	1,113,302
Movement in cash and cash equivalents	23	(242,813)	231,874
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	23	212,410	(19,464)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	23	(30,403)	212,410

The accompanying notes on pages 24 - 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on  $29^{\circ}$  October 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Eamon O'Brien	Andrew Laz Fleming
Director	Director

## Company Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

Notes Cash flows from operating activities	2019	2018
Loss for the year	(368,431)	(906,326)
Adjustments for: Income tax expenses recognised in profit and loss	2,047	(10,991)
Cash from operations before changes in working capital	(366,384)	(917,317)
Movement in trade and other receivables Movement in trade and other payables	(130,753) 85,095	48,027 (12,138)
Cash generated from operations Income tax received	(412,042)	(881,428)
Cash flows from operating activities	(412,042)	(881,428)
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from sale of investments Interest received Taxation	- - -	- - -
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from the issue of new shares	169,229	1,113,302
Net cash used in financing activities	169,229	1,113,302
Movement in cash and cash equivalents in the year Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	(242,813) 247,974	231,874 16,100
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	5,161 	247,974

The accompanying notes on pages 24 – 44 form an integral part of these financial statements. The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on  $29^{\circ}$  October 2019 and signed on its behalf

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Eamon O'Brien	Andrew Laz Fleming
Director	Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### **General Information**

IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company is a company domiciled and incorporated in Ireland. The Group financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 consolidate the individual financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group). The registered number is 500487 and the registered office address is 70 Ballybough Road, Ballybough, Dublin 3. The principal activities of the company are detailed in the directors' report.

#### 1. Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) as adopted by the EU in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The accounting policies have been applied consistently by Group entities.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes that IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Directors are satisfied that they have adequate funding to cover the administrative expenses of the Company and Group for the next 12 months.

The Directors also intend to raise additional finance during 2019/2020 to fund further exploration programmes.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the additional capital is not raised. Whilst taking into consideration the uncertainties described above, the Directors believe that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

...... Continued

#### 2. Statement of Accounting Policies

#### **Accounting Convention**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company ("the Company") is a company incorporated in Ireland. The Group financial statements consolidate those of the Company and its subsidiary (together referred to as the "Group").

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements and by all group entities.

#### Statement of Compliance

As permitted by the European Union, the Group financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) and their interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as adopted by the EU (IFRS). The individual financial statements of the Company ("Company financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS's as adopted by the EU and as applied in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 which permits a company that publishes its Company and Group financial statements together, to take advantage of the exemption in Section 297 of the Companies Act 2014, from presenting to its members its Company Statement of Comprehensive Income and related notes that form part of the approved Company financial statements.

The IFRS's adopted by the EU as applied by the Company and the Group in the preparation of these financial statements are those that were effective on or before 30 June 2019.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019
Continued

#### **Functional and Presentation Currency**

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Euro  $(\mathfrak{C})$ , which is the Company's functional currency.

#### Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

In particular, significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are in the following areas

Note 10 - Intangible asset; measurement of impairment

Note 8 - Deferred Tax; utilisation of tax losses

#### Revenue Recognition - Interest revenue

Interest revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as part of Other Income.

#### **Basis of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of IMC Exploration Group Public Limited Company and its subsidiary undertaking for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing the control, potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are taken into account. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Intragroup balances and any unrealised gains or losses or income or expenses arising from intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the Group financial statements.

In the Company's own balance sheet, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provisions for any permanent diminution in value.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

..... continued

#### **Intangible Assets**

#### Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Expenditure incurred prior to obtaining the legal rights to explore an area is written off to the income statement. Expenditures incurred on the acquisition of a licence interest are initially capitalised on a licence by licence basis. Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred in the process of determining exploration targets on each licence is also capitalised. These expenditures are held undepleted within the exploration licence asset until such time as the exploration phase on the licence area is complete or commercial reserves have been discovered.

Exploration and evaluation drilling costs are capitalised within each licence until the success or otherwise of the licence has been established. Unless further evaluation expenditures in the areas have been planned and agreed or unless the drilling results indicate that there is a reasonable prospect that these reserves are commercial, drilling costs are written off on completion.

#### **Impairment**

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets are reviewed at each year end reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the assets' recoverable amount is estimated. For intangible assets that have indefinite lives or that are not yet available for use, recoverable amount is estimated at each year end reporting date.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that is expected to generate cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and Equipment are stated at cost or valuation, less accumulated depreciation. Subsequent costs are included in an asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures and Fittings - 20% Straight Line

The residual value of the useful lives of the property, plant and equipment are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate at each statement of financial position date.

On disposal of property, plant and equipment the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and impairments are removed from the financial statements and the net amount, less any proceeds, is taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

..... continued

#### **Income Tax Expense**

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity respectively.

Current corporation tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they probably will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

#### Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities dominated in a foreign currency are translated into Euro at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date, unless specifically covered by foreign exchange contracts whereupon the contract rate is used. Revenues, costs and non monetary assets are translated at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. All exchange differences are dealt with through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Euro at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from the restatement of the opening balance sheets of these subsidiary Companies are dealt with through reserves. The operating results of overseas subsidiary Companies are translated into Euro at the average rates applicable during the year.

#### **Share Capital**

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a reduction in equity.

#### Earnings Per Share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019
......continued

#### Share based payments

For such grants of share options, the fair value as at the date of grant is calculated, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that are likely to vest, except where forfeiture is only due to market-based conditions not achieving the threshold for vesting. The corresponding credit is to a share based payment reserve.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Statement of Cash Flows.

#### Trade and Other Receivables/Payables

Trade and other receivables and payables are stated at cost less impairment, which approximates fair value given the short dated nature of these assets and liabilities.

#### Finance Income

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested and foreign currency gains. Interest income is recognised as the interest accrues (using the effective interest rate method) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

#### Segmental Information

In accordance with IFRS 8: Operating Segments, the Group has one principle reportable segment, ie: Ireland, which represents the exploration for and the development of gold, zinc and other minerals in Ireland.

Other operations 'Corporate' includes cash resources held by the Group, interest income earned and other operational expenditure incurred by the Group. These areas are not within the definition of an operating segment.

#### Financial Assets - Investments in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost and are reviewed for impairment if there are indications that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

..... continued

### 3. Segment Information

The group is engaged in one business segment only - exploration of mineral resource projects. Therefore only an analysis by geographical segment has been presented. The group has geographic segments in Ireland.

The segment results for the periods are as follows:

## Segment Revenues and Results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segment.

	Segr 2019	ment Revenue 2018	2019	Segment Loss 2018
Loss for period to 30 June 2019	€ -	€	€ (366,816)	€ (921,757)
-				
Total for continuing operations	-	-	(366,816)	(921,757)
Investment Income			-	-
Amount written off investments			-	-
Amount written of intangible assets Finance costs			-	(284,088)
Loss before tax (continuing operations)			(366,816)	(1,205,845)
			·	
Income tax expense			(2,047)	10,991
Segment loss for period			(368,863)	(1,194,854)
Segment assets and liabilities				
			2019	2018
Segment Assets			€	€
Exploration - Ireland			481,810	544,537
Consolidated assets			481,810	544,537
Segment Liabilities Exploration – Ireland			192,711	55,804
Consolidated Liabilities			192,711	55,804
				======

Amounts written off fixed asset

-diminution in value (see Note 12)

investments:

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 ..... continued Other segment information **Intangible Assets** Additions to Amortisation **Intangible Assets** 2019 2019 2018 Exploration 284,088 138,990 28,550 Geographical information The Group operates in one geographical area - Republic of Ireland. 4. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Group 2019 2018 This is arrived at after charging: Depreciation of tangible assets 431 27,500 14,000 Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration from non-audit work 2019 2018 Company € This is arrived at after charging: 21,500 14,000 Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration from non-audit work As permitted by Section 297 of the Companies Act 2014, the company Statement of Comprehensive Income has not been separately disclosed in these financial statements. 5. Amounts written off investments 2019 2018 €

	s to the Financial Statements ne year ended 30 June 2019		
	. continued		
6.	Interest receivable and similar income	2019 €	2018 €
	Bank Interest		
7.	Employees		
	Number of employees The average monthly numbers of employees (Including the directors) during the year were:  Directors Employee	2019 Number 0 0	2018 Number 0 0
	Employment costs (including directors)	2019 €	2018 €
	Wages and salaries Social welfare costs	- -	- 
7.1	Directors' emoluments		
		2019	2018
		€	€
	Remuneration and other emoluments	-	-

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

.....continued

8.	Income tax expense	2019 €	2018 €
	Current year taxation		
	Corporation tax expense in respect of the current year	-	-
	Corporation tax expense in respect of underprovision in prior years	-	-
	Surcharge on directors loan accounts	2,047	(10,991)
	Total expense	2,047 	(10,991)
	The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting le	oss as follows:	
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(366,816)	(1,205,845)
	Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax of 12.5% (2017 - 12.5%)	(45,852)	(150,731)
		======	======

The tax rate used for the year end reconciliations above is the corporate rate of 12.5% payable by corporate entities in Ireland on taxable profits under tax law in the jurisdiction of Ireland.

Income tax expense recognised relates to reversal of surcharges on directors loans.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

..... continued

### 9. Loss per share

#### Basic earnings per share

The basic and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows:

	2019	2018
Loss for the period attributable to equity holders of The parent	€ (1,194,854)	€ (1,194,854)
Number of ordinary shares in issue - start of year	240,014,285	128,516,719
Effect of shares issued during the year	15,000,000	111,497,566
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic earning per share	255,014,285	240,014,285
Basic Loss per ordinary share (cent)	0.1	0.5
10. Intangible assets - Group	2019 €	2018 €
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	471,117 -	616,215 (284,088)
	471,117 	332,127
	Exploration and Evaluation Assets €	Total €
Cost Opening cost Additions Amortisation	311,491 138,990 -	311,491 138,990 -
	450,481 ======	450,481 

The Directors have considered expenditure on exploration and evaluation activities which have been capitalised at cost. The Group held 7 exploration licences at the beginning of the year. The Group acquired 2 further licences from the Department of Communication, Climate Action and Environment during the year. 2 licences previously acquired were returned to the Department of Communication, Climate Action and Environment on 18th October 2018. All costs in relation to these 2 licences were amortised in the previous financial year 30th June 2017.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

..... continued

All of the licences held at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019 are in the exploration phase of the licence. Included in the licences is prospecting licence 3850 for which a mineral resource estimate has been established. The Mineral Resource Estimate has been classified as inferred and has been reported in accordance with JORC Code (2012).

The Directors have reviewed the carrying value of the exploration and evaluation assets and consider it to be fairly stated at 30 June 2019. The recoverability of the intangible assets is dependent on the future realisation of the base and precious metal licences.

## 11. Tangible assets

	Fixtures & fittings	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1 July 2018	6,125	6,125
Additions	2,153	2,153
	8,278	8,278
Depreciation		
At 1 July 2018	6,125	6,125
Change for the year	431	431
At 30 June 2019	6,556	6,556
Net book values		
At 30 June 2019	1,722	1,722
At 30 June 2018		
-	====	=====

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

.....continued

12.	Financial assets - Company	Subsidiary Undertakings Shares €	Listed Investments €	Total €
	Group undertakings Shares at cost	v	Ç .	v
	At 1 July 2018 Shares disposals during year	30,365	-	30,365
	At 30 June 2019	30,365	-	30,365
	Provisions for Diminution in value: At 1 July 2018 Movement Share Disposals	- - -	- - -	
	At 30 June 2019			
	Net book values At 30 June 2019	30,365	-	30,365
	At 30 June 2018	30,365	-	30,365

At 30 June 2019 the Company had the following subsidiary undertaking:

Name	Incorporated in	% shares
IMC Exploration Limited	Ireland	100

The aggregate amount of capital and reserves and the results of these undertakings for the last relevant financial year were as follows:

	Capital and reserves	Loss for Year
	€	€
IMC Exploration Limited	(644,312)	(431)

# **Notes to the Financial Statements** for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

.....continued

13.	Trade and other receivables	Group 2019	Group 2018	Company 2019	Company 2018
		€	€	€	€
	Amounts owed by group undertaking Called up share capital not paid Directors Accounts	- 31,184 8,189	- - -	1,002,188 31,184 8,189	910,808
	Related Party Prepayments and accrued income	- -	-	-	-
		39,373 		1,041,561 =====	910,808
	Amounts falling due after more than one	year and included	in debtors are:		
		Group 2019 €	Group 2018 €	Company 2019 €	Company 2018 €
	Amounts owed by group undertaking	-	-	1,002,188	910,808
		<del>-</del>	-	1,002,188	910,808

The amount owing from the group undertaking of €1,002,188 (2018: €910,808) is interest free and repayable on demand.

14.	Trade and other payables	Group 2019 €	Group 2018 €	Company 2019 €	Company 2018 €
	Amounts falling due within one year				
	Corporation tax	2,047	-	2,047	-
	Other taxes and social welfare costs	-	-	-	-
	Other payables	29,400	-	29,400	-
	Accruals and deferred income	161,264	55,804	102,500	46,805
		192,711	55,804	133,947	46,805
	Other taxes and social welfare costs:	Group	Group	Company	Company
		2019	2018	2019	2018
		€	€	€	€
	PAYE/PRSI	_	_	_	_
	11111/11/11	=====	=====	====	====

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

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2018 €	2019 €		Share capital
200,000 50,000	400,000 50,000		Authorised equity 400,000,000 Ordinary shares of €0.001 each 50,000 "A" Ordinary shares of €1 each
250,000	450,000		
Share Premium	_	Number of shares	Issued Capital Ordinary Shares fully paid up
<b>€</b> 2,489,137	€ 128,517	128,516,719	Balance at 1 July 2017
351,548 650,257	50,894 60,603	50,894,285 60,603,281	Shares Issued for Cash Shares Issued for Non Cash
3,490,942	240,014	240,014,285	Balance at 30 June 2018
3,490,942 154,229	240,014 15,000	240,014,285 15,000,000	Balance at 1 July 2018 Shares Issued for Cash Shares Issued for Non Cash
3,645,171	255,014	255,014,285	Balance at 30 June 2019

Fully paid ordinary shares which have a par value of €0.001 carry one vote and carry a right to dividends.

A Ordinary Shares Partly Paid	Number of shares	Share Capital €	Share Premium €
Balance at 1 July 2018	38,093	38,093	-
Balance 30 June 2019	38,093	38,093	

Partly paid "A" ordinary shares which have a par value of €1 carry no voting rights or rights to dividends.

Total Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium
	€	€
Total at 1 July 2018	278,107	3,490,942
Shares Issued	15,000	154,229
Total at 30 June 2019	293,107	3,645,171
	======	

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

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16.	Retained Losses	Group 2019 €	Group 2018 €	Company 2019 €	Company 2018 €
	Loss at beginning of year Loss for the year	(3,280,316) (368,863)	(2,085,462) (1,194,854)	(2,626,707) (368,431)	(1,720,381) (906,326)
	Loss at end of year	(3,649,179)	(3,280,316)	(2,995,138)	(2,626,707)

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014, the Company has not presented an Income Statement. A Loss for the year of &6368,431 (2017 – loss of &6906,326) has been dealt with in the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the Company.

17.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2019 €	2018 €
	Loss for the year Net proceeds of equity share issue	(368,863) 169,229	(1,194,854) 1,113,302
	Other recognised gains or losses	<u>-</u> 	
	Net deductions from/additional to shareholders funds Opening shareholders funds	(199,634) 488,733	(81,552) 570,285
	Equity shareholders' funds	289,099	488,733

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

.....continued

## 18. Transactions with directors

Loans to directors	Opening Balance €	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Movement} \\ \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \end{array}$	Closing Balance €	Maximum Outstanding In Year €
Names of Director	-	-		
Eamon O'Brien	_	8,189	8,189	8,189
Andrew Laz Fleming	-	-	-	-
Glenn Millar	_	-	-	-
Kathryn Byrne	-	-	-	-
Amounts due by directors as at 30 June 2019	-	8,189	8,189	8,189
		======		======

The loans which are interest free are repayable on demand.

#### 19. Post Balance Sheet events.

On  $08^{\text{th}}$  July 2019 the Group have been listed and its shares traded on the Standard Main Market of the London Stock Exchange.

There were no significant post balance sheet events with the exception of the issuing of Ordinary Shares on  $22^{\text{\tiny ml}}$  July 2019 and  $20^{\text{\tiny th}}$  August 2019 as detailed in Note 20.

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#### 20. Share-based payments and Share Options

On 03<sup>rd</sup> October 2018 IMC raised £120,000 by way of a placing of 10,000,000 new ordinary shares of €0.001 each in the company ('Ordinary Shares') at 1.2p sterling per share. The Executive Chairman Eamon O'Brien purchased 4,340,000 of these shares.

On  $12^{\circ}$  December 2018 IMC raised £50,000 by way of a placing of 5,000,000 new ordinary shares of 0.001 each in the company ('Ordinary Shares') at 1p sterling per share. Attached is a warrant for 1,000,000 ordinary shares at a price of 1p sterling per share which is exercisable for three years from 12 December 2018.

On  $22^{\text{nd}}$  July 2019 IMC raised £100,000 by way of a placing of 10,000,000 new ordinary shares of £0.001 each in the company ('Ordinary Shares') at 1p sterling per share. Alongside each Placing Share is a warrant to subscribe for one further ordinary share at a price of 1p sterling per share which is exercisable for one year from 22 July 2019.

On 20th August 2019 IMC raised £150,000 by way of a placing of 15,000,000 new ordinary shares of €0.001 each in the company ('Ordinary Shares') at 1p sterling per share. Alongside each Placing Share is a warrant to subscribe for one further ordinary share at a price of 1p sterling per share which is exercisable for one year from 20 August 2019. On 27 September 2019 IMC raised £20,000 through the exercise of 2,000,000 of the shares by the holder of the warrant at a price of 1p sterling per share.

On 20<sup>th</sup> August 2019 IMC issued 2,731,706 new ordinary shares of €0.001 each in the company ('Ordinary Shares') at 1p sterling per share in lieu of professional fees due to a third party.

### Further Warrants from Prior Years

On 19th February 2018 IMC issued a warrant to subscribe for a further 3,000,000 ordinary shares at a price of 1p sterling per share which is exercisable for 3 years from 19 February 2018.

On 14<sup>th</sup> June 2018 IMC issued a warrant to subscribe for a further 7,142,857 ordinary shares at a price of 1p sterling per share which is exercisable for 3 years from 14 June 2018.

#### 21. Related Party Transactions

Details of subsidiary undertakings are shown in Note 12. In accordance with International Accounting Standard 24 - Related Party transactions between group entities have been eliminated on consolidation and are therefore not disclosed.

There were no other Related Party transactions with the exception of those as detailed in Note 18 and Note 20.

# **Notes to the Financial Statements** for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019

.....continued

22.	Gross Cash Flows			
22.	Gross Cash Flows		2019 €	2018 €
	Returns on investment and servicing of finance		ť	C
	Interest received Proceeds from sale of investments		-	-
				-
	Taxation			
	Corporation tax paid		-	-
	Capital expenditure and financial investment			
	Payments to acquire intangible assets Payments to acquire tangible assets		138,990 2,1 <i>5</i> 3	28,550
	Payments to acquire investments		· -	-
			141,143	28,550
	E		======	======
	Financing Issue of ordinary share capital		169,229	1,113,302
			169,229	1,113,302
			=====	=====
23.	Analysis of changes in net funds			
		Opening Balance	Cash flows	Closing balance
		€	flows	€
	Cash at bank and in hand	212,410	(242,813)	(30,403)
			(0.40, 0.10)	(90, 409)
		212,410	(242,813)	(30,403)
	Net Funds	212,410	(242,813)	(30,403)
				======

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

...... Continued

#### 24. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

The Group and Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to provide finance for the Group and Company's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

It is, and has been throughout 2019 and 2018 the Group and Company's policy that no trading on derivatives be undertaken.

The main risks arising from the Group and Company's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and capital risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below.

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign countries. Hence, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilising forward exchange contracts where appropriate.

At the year ended 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018, the Group had no outstanding forward exchange contracts.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As the Group does not, as yet, have any sales to third parties, this risk is limited.

The Group and Company's financial assets comprise receivables and cash and cash equivalents. The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The Group and Company's exposure to credit risk arise from default of its counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents in its consolidated balance sheet.

The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The Group defines counterparties as having similar characteristics if they are connected entities.

#### Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not have sufficient funds to meet liabilities. Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group and Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity by maintaining adequate reserves and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Cash forecasts are regularly produced to identify the liquidity requirements of the Group. To date, the Group has relied on shareholder funding to finance its operations.

The Group and Company's financial liabilities as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018 were all payable on demand.

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The expected maturity of the Group and Company's financial assets (excluding prepayments) as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018 was less than one month.

The Group expects to meet its other obligations from operating cash flows with an appropriate mix of funds and equity investments. The Group further mitigates liquidity risk by maintaining an insurance programme to minimise exposure to insurable losses.

The group had no derivative financial instruments as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group and Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group and Company's holdings of cash and short term deposits.

It is the Group and Company's policy as part of its disciplined management of the budgetary process to place surplus funds on short-term deposit in order to maximise interest earned.

#### Capital Risk Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Group may adjust or issue new shares or raise debt. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018. The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained losses as disclosed in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

#### Fair values

The carrying amount of the Group and Company's financial assets and financial liabilities is a reasonable approximation of the fair value.

#### Hedging

At the year ended 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018, the Group had no outstanding contracts designated as hedges.

#### 25. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the board on 29<sup>th</sup> October 2019.